

Identify the flags of different countries given below. The clues will definitely lead you to the correct answer.



This flag belongs to the country which is the techno-giant of the world.



This flag belongs to the country that is known as the Land of White Elephants.



This flag belongs to the country that is known as the Land of Thousand Lakes.



This flag belongs to the nation that loves the game of soccer.



This flag belongs to the nation that is famous as Land of Golden Fleece.



This flag belongs to the country which is known as Land of Maple (leaf).



This flag belongs to the country that is known as the Gift of Nile.



This flag belongs to the country that is known as the Cockpit of Europe.



This flag belongs to the most populous country of the world.

Continental Quiz

Identify the continent to which the given countries and cities belong to.

Continent		Countries	Cities
1.	1.	• India	• Jodhpur
	• Malaysia	• Kuala Lumpur	
A		• Nepal	• Pokhra
		• Bhutan	• Thempu
2.		• Belgium	• Brussels
		• France	• Marseille
E	and the second s	• Greece	• Athens
		• Germany	• Frankfurt
3.		• Egypt	• Giza
		• Kenya	• Nairobi
		• Ghana	• Accra
		• Nigeria	• Lagos
4.	e des	• Canada	• Toronto
N		• Mexico	• Puebla
A		• USA	New York
		• Cuba	• Havana
5.		• Chile	• Santiago
S	S A	• Argentina	• La Plata
A		• Brazil	• Brasilia
		• Bolivia	• Sucre

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DO YOU KNOW?

- Antarctica contains no countries or Permanent residents.
- Australia is the only country on the Australian continent.

United Nations Organisation (UNO) is an association of countries who have come together to maintain international peace and security. United Nations (UN) functions through its six principal organs. With the help of the clues given below, name these organs.

- 1. This is the main body of UN and consists of all its members.
 - G
- 2. The main responsibility of this organ of UN is to maintain international peace and security.

S_____

- 3. This is the organ of UN that works on economic, social, cultural and humanitarian problems.
 - E
- 4. This organ of UN prepares people for selfgovernment or independence. It also supervises administration of the Trust Territories.

Τ_____

- 5. The main function of this UN organ is the settlement of international legal problems and disputes.
 - Ι_____
- 6. This organ looks into all administrative matters of UN and is headed by the Secretary General.

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DO YOU KNOW?

As of now the UNO has 193 member states.

Water Ways

We know that all the ancient civilisations evolved on the banks of great rivers. Given below are some of the major rivers. Identify the countries they flow through. A prominent city, which has come up on the bank of each river, is mentioned here as a clue. One has been done for you.

	City	River	Country
1.	Paris	Seine	France
2.	Lahore	Ravi	
3.	New York	Hudson	
4.	Alexandria	Nile	
5.	Baghdad	Tigris	
6.	London	Thames	
7.	Rangoon	Irawaddy	
8.	Kathmandu	Bagmati	
9.	Budapest	Danube	
10.	Canton	Canton	



Ravi



Thames



Hudson







Nile



Danube

WORLD AROUND



Given below are names of some tribes of early people. Name the continent or the country they belong to using the Help Box given below.









Pygmies

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Sherpas

Help Box		
Canada or Greenland	Central and South Africa	
Sri Lanka	Tundra and Europe	
Congo Basin (Zaire)	Nepal	:
India	Uruguay, Argentina	
New Zealand	North America	



The earliest people of a place are called **Aborigines**. They have a distinct appearance, culture and lifestyle.

Currencies

Given below are some currencies. The name of two countries where they are being used are also given. Name two more countries that use the same currency.



News 'n' Views

Newspapers are the cheapest means to get updated on latest information and facts about people and events from places all over the world. Match the newspapers given in Column 'A' to the countries they belong to given in Column 'B' by writing the numbers in the brackets.



DO YOU KNOW?

The first newspaper in India – *The Bengal Gazette* was started in 1780 by James Augustus Hicky.

National Emblems

With the help of given clues, complete the puzzle on the National Emblems of different countries.



Clues:

- 1. The animal that carries its young one in its pouch is the national emblem of Australia.
- 2. The flower that grows in water is the national emblem of France.
- 3. The stretch of land along the sea is the national emblem of Denmark.
- 4. The flower that is considered most beautiful is the national emblem of Iran and United Kingdom.
- 5. The national emblem of USA is a rod made of shiny yellow precious metal.
- 6. The national emblem of New Zealand is a flightless bird with a long bill.
- 7. The national emblem of Syria is the powerful bird known for its sharp eyesight.
- 8. 'King of the Jungle' is the national emblem of Sri Lanka, Norway, Belgium, Netherlands and Sierra Leone.
- 9. The huge land animal is the national emblem of Ivory Coast.
- 10. The figure of moon, when less than half visible, is the national emblem of Pakistan.

Magnificent Masters of the World Around

Many remarkable rulers, like Kings, Queens, Generals, Presidents or Prime Ministers, have shaped the destiny of different countries of the world. Given below are the names of some such rulers. Identify the countries they belonged to.

1.	Napolean Bonaparte declared himself the Emperor of <u>F</u>
2.	Cleopetra ruled over this ancient land of pyramids. E
3.	Alexander, who wished to conquer the world, belonged to $\underline{\mathcal{G}}$
4.	George Washington was the first President of <u>U</u>
5.	Hitler killed or drove away all the jews from this country. $\underline{\mathcal{G}}$
6.	Mao-Tse-Tung was the father of communist revolution in this country. $\underline{\mathcal{C}}$
7.	Winston Churchill was the powerful Prime Minister of this country. U

- 8. Ashoka conquered most of the neighbouring states and spread his empire far and wide. He was the Emperor of <u>l</u>_____
- Sheikh Mujib-Ur-Rahman broke away from Pakistan to form this new nation in 1971.
 B
- 10. Nelson Mandela after serving a prison sentence for over 30 years, became the President of <u>S</u>

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Napolean Bonaparte



George Washington



Hitler



Nelson Mandela



The national flag of Italy was designed by Napoleon Bonaparte.

Meal-Time Quiz

All that we eat and drink is not solely produced in our country. Given below are the clues that will lead you to name some of the food products and beverages that are widely exported and imported by different nations of the world.

1.	This is a drink that grows mainly in China and India.	
2.	This is a cereal that is used to bake breads, cakes and <i>chappaties</i> . USA, Russia and India are its main producers.	
3.	Hot or cold everybody likes to drink it. Brazil and Colombia are its main producers.	
4.	It lives in water. Bangladesh, Japan and Norway are its major traders.	
5.	This product brings sweetness in our food and drinks. It is mainly grown in India, Brazil and Cuba.	
6.	This is staple food of most of the people in world. India, Vietnam and Indonesia are its chief producers.	
7.	From this crop we extract the cooking medium which is used to cook the meals. It is mainly grown in India and China.	
8.	This product is the main ingredient of the delicious chocolate that we love to eat. Ghana, Brazil and Nigeria are its chief producers.	
9.	This fruit is so beneficial for our health that if we eat it regularly we will never have to visit a doctor for treatment. Its chief producers are USA and France.	
10.	This is a vegetable that is the universal favourite of all people. It is rich in vitamins and minerals too.	

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DO YOU KNOW?

Chillies were unknown to the Indians until 400 years ago. Chillies initially came to Mexico and were introduced in India by the Portuguese.



Fact File

Silk Route



- Silk Route or Silk Road is not a road in the common sense of the term but the oldest route in our civilisation connecting Europe to Asia.
- It derives its name from the lucrative trade in Chinese silk carried out with the west, especially with Rome.
- It is believed that the Bubonic plague, or Black death travelled to Europe from Silk Route only.
 - Marco Polo was one of the first Europeans who travelled by the Silk Route and returned to tell the Europeans about the exotic civilisation in the East.



In June 2014 UNESCO designated the Chang'an—Tianshan corridor of the Silk Road as a World Heritage site.





1.		C	and tick \square the correct				
	a.	Australia	th a long beak is the nation Canada	New Zealand			
	b.	George Washingt	George Washington was the first President of—				
		UK	USA	Russia			
	с.	River Danube flow	ws through—				
		Hungary	France	Australia			
	d.	What are Bantus,	Finns and Lapps?				
		Island States	Rivers	Tribes			
	e.	Ashoka was the e	mperor of—				
		Germany	Russia	India			
2.	En	circle the odd ma	ın out.				
	a.	Seine, Irawaddy, Eskimos, Hudson					
	b.	Cleopetra, Ashoka, Marco Polo, Alexander					
	с.	Egypt, Kenya, Chile, Ghana					
	d.	Peso, Dinar, Franc, Pravda					
	e. Paris, London, Toronto, Brazil						
3.	Re	ad the names give	en in each group and fi	nd out what is common in them.			
	a.	Canada, Nepal,	China				
	b.	. Dawn, Al Tahrir, La Croix					
	с.	Wheat, Rice, Sugarcane					
	d.	. Franc, Pound, Dollar					
	e.	e. Sherpas, Pygmies, Red Indians					
			43				

4. State the following statements as True or False.

- a. *Pravda* is the popular newspaper of Japan.
- b. Hitler hated Jews.
- c. Lily is the national emblem of Denmark.
- d. America is known as the Land of Golden Fleece.
- e. Rice is the staple food of Indonesia.

5. Answer the following questions.

- a. What four letter currency is common in Europe?
- b. Which institution controls the monetary policy of Indian rupee?
- c. What is the currency of Vietnam?
- d. Name one place in India where currency notes are printed.
- e. Which is the most expensive currency?

6. Complete the following with the correct information.

- a. The country having maximum number of people living in it.
- b. The temperature drops to ______ at _____ which is the coldest place on earth.
- c. The wettest place on the earth is Mount Wai'ale'ale, in the Hawiian Islands having an average rainfall of ______
- d. Hindustani language is spoken by approximately _____ people in the world.

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e. The earliest paper money was the invention of ______



Myth Magic

Every culture has some popular mythical characters that are remembered for their extraordinary and strange characteristics. Match these characters with their description given below in the opposite column.

1.	Sphinx	\triangleright	a.	His real name is St. Nicholas. He loves children and tries to bring happiness to them by fulfilling their wishes.
2.	Pandora	\triangleright	b.	A creature with lion's body and human head. He asked the people a riddle. All those who could not answer were killed and eaten up by him.
3.	Robin Hood	\triangleright	c.	This girl had a mysterious box which she was advised never to open. But, she opened the box as a result of which all the miseries of the world which were kept locked in box escaped and spread around the world.
4.	The Roc	\triangleright	d.	He was the strongest man of Greek mythology. He was given 12 impossible tasks to perform and he successfully performed all of them.
5.	Hercules	\triangleright	e.	This was the monstrous bird that carried Sindbad in the <i>Arabian Nights</i> . This huge bird ate baby elephants, horses, cattle and huge serpants too.
6.	Santa Claus	\triangleright	f.	He was thief from sherwood forest who stole money from the rich and gave it to the poor. All the people loved him and the king's soldiers could never catch him because they protected him.

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DO YOU KNOW?

Spinx Riddle

What has one voice and walks on four feet in the morning, two feet in the afternoon and three feet in the evening?

Answer Man Man has one voice, but when he is small he crawls on four legs. In his youth, he walks on two legs. In his old age, he has to use a stick for support, thus, walks on three legs.



Given below are pictures of singers and musicians performing on the stage. Identify their style of music.



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Find out the names of some famous performers of India.

Bonding with God

Given below are the names of different countries of the world. Classify them into equal groups of five on the basis of the religion that is practised by a large number of people living there. One has been done for you.

1. Japan	2. Iran	3. Italy	4. Fiji
5. Nepal	6. Sri Lanka	7. Jordan	8. USA
9. New Zealand	10. Iraq	11. Australia	12. France
13. Mayanmar	14. India	15. Indonesia	16. Taiwan
17. Mauritius	18. Afghanistan	19. Kuwait	20. Thailand

HINDUISM	BUDDHISM	ISLAM	CHRISTIANITY
Mauritius	Taiwan	Jordan	Australia





Identify each of the given musical instrument. Write its name in the space provided. Also match it to the state/place it belongs to on the given map.





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Tongues

A language is also known as tongue. Unscramble the letters given below in the boxes and discover which tongue is spoken in the country given against it.

1.	Kenya	ILIHAWS		ð (0)
2.	New Zealand	MIROA	Contraction of the second seco	
3.	Malaysia	YALMA		
4.	Chile	HSPANIS		
5.	Israel	WBHEER		
6.	Combodia	HREAKM		
7.	Egypt	CBAIAR		
8.	Iran	NASIREP		2
9.	Sri Lanka	ESELAHNIS		
10.	Austria	ERGNAM	Help Box	
			Arabic	Sinhalese
0			Hebrew	Spanish
	DO YOU KNO		German	Persian
:	Dr Harold Williams of New Zealand (1876-1928) was the greatest known linguist of the world. He could speak			Maori
58	languages and many	v dialects fluently.	Swahili	Khamer



Every country of the world has its one or more famous food/dish. Given below are the names of some famous foods/dishes of different countries. Using the Help Box write the name of the country to which each belongs to.



ART & CULTURE

From Om to Amen

Try the quiz given below and find out how much you know about the different religions of the world.

1.	Stupa is a—	
	Gold Ornament Buddhist's place of worship	
	A stadium for games	
2.	This religion has two sects of believes called Shia and Sunni. Which religion is	this?
	Bahai Islam Hinduism	
3.	Pews in the church are—	
	singers singing devotional songs.	
	benches for people to sit while praying.	
	candles offered by the worshippers.	
4.	Roman Catholics and Protestants are followers of which religion?	
	Confucianism Christianity Bahai	
5.	In Japan ancestors are worshipped. What is it called?	
	Shintoism Buddhism Zoroastrianisn	1
6.	'Ban-Mitzvah' is a ceremony which is performed on a boy when he turns is considered old enough to join the community. In which religion is this c performed?	
	Hinduism Judaism Buddhism	
7.	The religion which believes that 'God', i.e. 'Atman' is present in all living beings	5.
	Hinduism Shintoism Islam	
8.	The followers of Zoroastrianism came from Persia and settled down in India. They called?	What are
	Jains Parsis Buddhists	
9.	Maximum concentration of Jews is found in which country?	
	Nepal Pakistan Israel	
10.). Samyag Darshan, Samyag Gyan and Samyag Chaitra are the three jewels of this	religion.
	Jainism Buddhism Judaism	-
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Given below are some of the famous paintings that have been produced by artists world-over. Use the Help Box given below and write the painter who has created each of these amazing works of art.



Lenardo da Vinci would buy caged birds and set them free. He was a vegetarian and animal rights activist.

Help Box		
Pablo Picasso	Leonardo da Vinci	Jamini Roy
Michelangelo	Vincent Van Gogh	Amrita Shergil



ART & CULTURE Famous People of Indian Origin

Given below are the hints about some famous people of Indian origin. Use the Help Box to find out the correct names.

1.	A Hollywood film and TV actor who achieved greater political heights under the administration of the President Obama.	
2.	The 2009 Nobel Prize winner in chemistry.	
3.	The present appointed Governor of South Corolina.	
4.	The co-inventor of USB technology.	
5.	The designer of Intel Pentium Chip.	
6.	The winner of the Pulitzer prize for General non-fiction.	
7.	The former Prime Minister of Fiji.	
8.	The first person of Indian origin to be elected as the Chief Minister of a province in Canada.	

Kalpen Suresh Modi



Ajay Bhatt



Nikki Haley



Mauritius is the country that had five Prime Ministers who hail originally from the Bihar state in India.

Help Box

Kalpen Suresh Modi	Venkatraman Ramakrishnan	Nikki Haley	
Ajay Bhatt	Vinod Dham	Siddhartha Mukherjee	
Dosanjh	Mahendra Choudhary		





Puppets have always served to educate people about traditional epics and other local tales. Given below are different forms of puppets. Match them with the given states.

	Puppets				States
1.	Kathputli		\triangleleft	a.	Uttar Pradesh
2.	Gulabo Sitabo		\triangleleft	b.	Manipur
3.	Putul Nach		\triangleleft	c.	Jharkhand
4.	Chadar Badar		\triangleleft	d.	Maharashtra
5.	Laithibi Jagoi			e.	Odisha
6.	Tolpava Kuthu			f.	Tripura
7.	Kalasutri Bahulya			g.	Kerala
8.	Gopalila			h.	Rajasthan
9.	Togalu Gombeyaata			i.	West Bengal
10.	Tarer Putul			j.	Karnataka
	Kathputli	Chadar Badar			Kalasutri Bahulya
ACTIVITY					
Make a paper puppet and try to narrate a story in Hindi or English.					

Fact File

Satyajit Ray



(2 May 1921 – April 1992)

Satyajit Ray is considered as one of the greatest film-makers of the twentieth century.

 He directed 36 films, including feature films, documentaries and short stories.

Ray's first film *Pather Panchali*(1955) won eleven International
Prizes and Best human documentary
at Cannes Film Festival in 1956.

Ray is the second film personality after Charlie Chaplin to have been awarded an honorary doctorate by the Oxford University.

Ray received 32 Indian National Film Awards and an honorary Academy Award in 1992.

The Govt. of India honoured him with the Bharat Ratna in 1992.







Encircle the mis-matched component from each group. 1. Michelangelo, Leonardo da Vinci, Alka Yagnik, Amrita Shergil a. Hebrew, Malay, Maori, Bahai b. Polenta, Baklava, Islam, Sushi с. Jainism, Hinduism, Buddhism, Picasso d. Kathputli, Gopalila, Putul Nach, Hercules e. 2. Replace the underline words with the correct one. The people of <u>Israel</u> are followers of Hinduism. a. b. The language of <u>Chile</u> is also known as Khamer. <u>Pizza</u> is the famous food of Japan. с. d. 'Ban-Mitzvah' is a ceremony performed in <u>Buddhism</u>. Shia and Sunni sects belongs to Hinduism. e. Complete the following statements. 3. The religion followed by Parsis is called _ a. b. Sinhalese is a language spoken in The Roc was the monstrous bird in the _____ с. d. Satyajit Ray was honoured with Bharat Ratna in Hindus believe in presence of God or _____ e.

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4. Match the following:

- a. Swahili
- b. Gulabo Sitabo
- c. Santa Claus
- d. Dafli
- e. Shintoism

⊢</th <th>(i)</th> <th>Japan</th>	(i)	Japan
	(ii)	Himachal Pradesh
	(iii)	Kenya
	(iv)	Uttar Pradesh
	(v)	St. Nicholas

ART & CULTURE

5. State the following statements as True or False.

- a. The oldest known musical instruments are drums.
- b. The first pictures that man made were in first century AD.
- c. Rabindranath Tagore was a famous painter.
- d. Chinese language is spoken by more people than English.
- e. Valuable works of art are displayed at art galleries so that has an opportunity to see them.

6. Give a proper heading to these famous personalities.



