## Chapter 12

## **Observing the Sky**

1.	Fill	ll in the blanks			
	a)	a) We can see the during the day time.			
	b)	During day the sun to move through the sky.			
	c)	The apparent notion of sun is because	of of earth on its axis.		
	d)	Sometimes mercury and venus are see	n in the day very low near the in the sky.		
	e)		are other celestial bodies can be seen in the		
	-	night sky.			
	f)	The planet is the brightest object in the sky after sun and moon.			
	g)		that can be seen in night sky with unaided eye.		
	h)	· ————	,		
	i)		or to form some recognisable pattern in the sky.		
	j)	is special star present in the n			
	"				
2.	Match the following				
			Column B		
			Brightest object after sun		
			Group of stars		
		Stars /	Apparent movement of Sun		
		Constellation [	Dim points in night sky		
		Venus	Nearest star to earth		
3.	State whether given statements are true/ false.				
	a)	a) Pole star or Dhurvatra is special star present in southern hemisphere.			
	b)	) A planet is closer to us than the stars that is why planets appear like tiny discs whereas the			
		star appears as points			
	c)	c) The 2 stars at the top of Ursa Major are called pointers.			
	d)	d) Ursa Minor is visible in spring.			
	e)	e) The sun appears to rise in the west and sets in the east.			
4.	Multiple choice questions				
	A.	The pointers are part of conste	ellation		
		a) Ursa Minor b) Orion c) Urs	a Major d) Cassiopeia		
	В.	B. The sun appears to move in the sky because of			
		a) Rotation of earth on its axis b	) revolution of the earth c) bright light		
		d)none of the above			
	C.	Stars appears as dim points in the nigh	nt sky because		
		a) Are very near to us b) are at la	rge distance from us c) are present in group		
		d) none of the above			
	D.	Pole star has been useful to travelers to	o define the north direction because		

- a) It moves from south to north b) moves from north and south c) appears to remain fixed in one position d) none of the above
- 5. Answer the following questions
  - a) What is the best time to watch the sky?
  - b) Why does the sun dominate the day time sky?
  - c) What causes the apparent movement of sun in the sky?
  - d) Name the planets that can be seen during early morning hours.
  - e) Name the brightest object in the night sky.
  - f) Which planets can be seen in the night sky without the help of telescope?
  - g) Even though sun is a star and is less brighter than other stars still it appears brightest, Justify.
  - h) Draw a diagram of Ursa Major.
  - i) How are planets different from stars?
  - j) Why does pole star appears to remain fixed at one place?
  - k) How the pole star helps the traveler?
- 6. The students should see the sky in the day and night and make list of the objects they see in the sky.

S.N	Objects visible in the sky in day	Objects visible in the sky in the night

- 7. Make a chart of 2 recognisable constellations.
- 8. Make a collage of night sky.
- 9. The student should go to observatory and make list of objects in the sky with help of telescope.