# SUBJECT- MATHEMATICS <br> CLASS-VI <br> CHAPTER - LINEAR EQUATIONS <br> BASIC 

Choose the correct answer

1. Equation of the statement, 3 added to a number x is 9 is $\qquad$ .
a. $x+3=9$
b. $9+\mathrm{x}=3$
c. $3 \mathrm{x}=9$
d. none of these
2. $10 x=50$ value of $x$ is $\qquad$ .
3.To solve the equation $x+5=10$ we first add $\qquad$ both the sides.
a. 4
b. 5
c. 0
d. -5
4.The power of variable in a linear equation is $\qquad$ .
a. 1
b. 0
c. 2
d. 3
5.If $x$ takes the value 2 , then value of $x+10=$ $\qquad$ .
a. 12
b. 20
c. 5
d. 8

Fill in the blanks
6. If $x+8=11$ then value of $x$ is $\qquad$ .
7. The variable used in the equation $3 z+8=2$ is $\qquad$ .
8. The solution of the equation $3 x+7=-20$ is $\qquad$ .
9. To solve the equation $6 y=48$ we $\qquad$ LHS and RHS by 6 .
10. To solve the equation $x+3=8$ we first add $\qquad$ to both the sides.

Answer the followings
11. Solve the equation $8 \mathrm{x}=72$
12. Solve the equation $\frac{x}{8}=-3$.
13. If $0.5 x=2.5$, then find $x$.
14. Check if $p=4$ is the solution of $\frac{1}{2}(p+3)=7$
15.If $x+8=12$, then $3 x-4=$ ?

## Short answer type questions I

Check whether given variable can solve the equation.Write 'Yes' or 'No'.

| Equation |  | Value of the variable | Yes/No |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 16. | $10 \mathrm{y}=80$ | $\mathrm{y}=8$ |  |
| 17. | $\mathrm{a}+4=5$ | $\mathrm{a}=-1$ |  |
| 18. | $2 \mathrm{x}-1=-9$ | $\mathrm{x}=4$ |  |
| 19. | $2 \mathrm{x}+1=7$ | $\mathrm{x}=3$ |  |
| 20. | $y$ | $\mathrm{v}=-3$ |  |

## Short answer type questions II

Separate the LHS and RHS of the following equations.

| Linear Equation |  | LHS | RHS |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 21. | $2 \mathrm{x}+5=12$ |  |  |
| 22. | $5 \mathrm{y}-1=9-2 \mathrm{y}$ |  |  |
| 23. | $3 \mathrm{z}-5=15$ |  |  |
| 24. | $3 \mathrm{z}+5=\mathrm{z}-8$ |  |  |
| 25. | $\frac{3 x}{4}=5$ |  |  |

Long answer type questions
Convert the following statement intoan equation.
26.Twice a number decreased by 8 is 7 .
27. One third of a number added to 2 is 11 .
28. Thrice a number increased by 5 is 10 .
29. Two times the sum of a number x and 3 equals 14 .
30. Six times a number y is 3 more than the number itself.

