

SUBJECT-MATHEMATICS, CLASS-XI
CHAPTER-8 (BINOMIAL THEOREM)
WORSHEET(BASIC)

Choose the correct option: (1 mark each)

1. The coefficient of x^5 in the expansion of $(x+3)^8$ is
(a)1022 (b) 1512 (c) 1215 (d) 2210
2. The number of term in the expansion of $(a-2b)^{22}$ is
(a) 21 (b) 24 (c) 23 (d) 20

Fill in the blanks: (1 mark each)

3. The 9th term in the expansion of $\left(\frac{x}{a} - \frac{3a}{x^2}\right)^{12}$ is
4. If the fourth term in the expansion of $\left(ax + \frac{1}{x}\right)^n$ is $\frac{5}{2}$, then the value of n is

Answer the following: (1 mark each)

5. Write the general term in the expansion of $(3x - 2y)^{12}$
6. Find the middle term in the expansion of $\left(3 - \frac{x^3}{6}\right)^8$

Short Answer Type Question (2 marks each)

7. Find the middle terms in the expansion of $\left(2x^2 - \frac{1}{x}\right)^7$
8. Find the term independent of x in the expansion of $\left(\frac{3}{2}x^2 - \frac{1}{3x}\right)^6$

Long answer type question-I : (4 marks each)

- 9.Using binomial theorem prove that $9^{n+1} - 8n - 9$ is divisible by 64, whenever n is a positive integer.
- 10.Show that the middle term in the expansion of $(1 + x)^{2n}$ is
$$\frac{1.3.5....(2n-1)}{n!} 2^n x^n$$

Long answer type question-II : (6 marks each)

- 11.The second ,third and fourth terms in the binomial expansion $(x+a)^n$ are 240,720 and 1080,respectively.Find x ,a and n.
- 12.The coefficients of the $(r-1)^{th}$, r^{th} and $(r+1)^{th}$ terms in the expansion $(x+1)^n$ are in the ratio 1:3:5.Find n and r.

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SUBJECT-MATHEMATICS, CLASS-XI
CHAPTER-8 (BINOMIAL THEOREM)
WORSHEET(STANDARD)

Choose the correct option: (1 mark each)

1. If the coefficient of x^7 and x^8 in the expansion of $\left(2 + \frac{x}{3}\right)^n$ are equal, then n is
(a)56 (b) 55 (c) 45 (d) 15
2. The total number of term in the expansion of $(x+a)^{100} + (x-a)^{100}$ after simplification is
(a) 50 (b) 202 (c) 51 (d) none of these

Fill in the blanks: (1 mark each)

3. The 4th term from end in the expansion of $\left(\frac{x^3}{2} - \frac{2}{x^2}\right)^9$ is
4. Middle term in the expansion of $(a^3 + ba)^{28}$ is

Answer the following: (1 mark each)

5. Find the rth term in the expansion of $\left(x + \frac{1}{x}\right)^{2r}$.
6. Find the coefficient of x^{11} in the expansion of $\left(x^3 - \frac{2}{x^2}\right)^{12}$

Short Answer Type Question (2 marks each)

7. Find the middle term(terms)in the expansion of $\left(\frac{p}{x} + \frac{x}{p}\right)^9$
8. If the coefficients of $(r-5)^{\text{th}}$ and $(2r-1)^{\text{th}}$ terms of the expansion of $(1+x)^{34}$ are equal ,find r

Long answer type question-I : (4 marks each)

9. Find the coefficient of a^4 in the product $(1 + 2a)^4(2 - a)^5$ using binomial theorem.
10. If in the expansion of $(1 + x)^n$, the coefficients of 14th, 15th and 16th terms are in A.P, find n.

Long answer type question-II : (6 marks each)

11. If the coefficients of a^{r-1} , a^r and a^{r+1} in the expansion of $(1 + a)^n$ are in arithmetic progression, prove that $n^2 - n(4r + 1) + 4r^2 - 2 = 0$.
12. If three consecutive coefficients in the expansion of $(1 + x)^n$ are in the ratio 6:33:110, find n and r.

SUBJECT-MATHEMATICS, CLASS-XI

CHAPTER-8 (BINOMIAL THEOREM)

WORSHEET(ADVANCE)

Choose the correct option: (1 mark each)

1. The coefficient of x^p and x^q (p and q are positive integers) in the expansion of $(1 + x)^{p+q}$ are
(a) Equal (b) equal with opposite signs (c)reciprocal of each other (d)none of these
2. The ratio of the coefficient of x^{15} to the term independent of x in $\left(x^2 + \frac{2}{x}\right)^{15}$ is
(a) 12:32 (b)1:32 (c) 32:12 (d) 32:1

Fill in the blanks: (1 mark each)

3. The number of terms in the expansion of $(x + y + z)^n$ is
4. In the expansion of $\left(x^2 - \frac{1}{x^2}\right)^{16}$, the value of constant term is

Answer the following: (1 mark each)

5. Determine whether the expansion of $\left(x^2 - \frac{2}{x}\right)^{18}$ will contain a term containing x^{10} ?
6. Find the middle term in the expansion of $\left(2ax - \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^{12}$

Short Answer Type Question (2 marks each)

7. If n is a positive integer, find the coefficient of x^{-1} in the expansion of $(1 + x)^n \left(1 + \frac{1}{x}\right)^n$
8. If p is a real number and if the middle term in the expansion of $\left(\frac{p}{2} + 2\right)^8$ is 1120, find p .

Long answer type question-I : (4 marks each)

9. Find n , if the ratio of the fifth term from the beginning to the fifth term from end in the expansion of $\left(\sqrt[4]{2} + \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{3}}\right)^n$ is $\sqrt{6}:1$
- 10.Using binomial theorem, show that $3^{4n+1} + 16n - 3$ is divisible by 256 if n is a positive integer.
- 11.If the coefficient of second, third and fourth terms in the expansion of $(1 + x)^{2n}$ are in A.P. Show that $2n^2 - 9n + 7 = 0$
- 12.In the expansion of $(x + a)^n$ if the sum of odd terms is denoted by O and the sum of even term by E . Then prove that
(i) $O^2 - E^2 = (x^2 - a^2)^n$
(ii) $4OE = (x + a)^{2n} - (x - a)^{2n}$

Long answer type question-II : (6 marks each)

13. Find the term independent of x in the expansion of $(1 + x + 2x^3) \left(\frac{3}{2}x^2 - \frac{1}{3x}\right)^9$.

14. If a_1, a_2, a_3 and a_4 be any four consecutive coefficients in the expansion of $(1 + x)^n$,

Prove that
$$\frac{a_1}{a_1 + a_2} + \frac{a_3}{a_3 + a_4} = \frac{2a_2}{a_2 + a_3}$$