# SUBJECT: MATHEMATICS <br> STD-VI <br> TOPIC- TRIANGLES <br> ASSIGNMENT (BASIC) 

## Mark the correct alternative in each of the following questions.

1. A triangle has $\qquad$ edges.
(i) 1
(ii) 2
(iii) 3
(iv) 4
2. A triangle has $\qquad$ angles.
(i) 1
(ii) 2
(iii) 3
(iv) 4
3. A triangle has $\qquad$ interior angles.
(i) 1
(ii) 3
(iii) 4
(iv) 6
4. A triangle has $\qquad$ exterior angles.
(i) 1
(ii) 3
(iii) 4
(iv) 6
5. Sum of the angles of a triangle is $\qquad$ right angles.
(i) 1
(ii) 2
(iii) 3
(iv) 4
6. Sum of the two sides of a triangle is $\qquad$ to the third side.
(i) Smaller
(ii) greater
(iii) equal
(iv) none of the above
7. A triangle has at least $\qquad$ right angles.
(i) 1
(ii) 2
(iii) 3
(iv) 4
8. A triangle has at most $\qquad$ obtuse angles.
(i) 1
(ii) 2
(iii) 3
(iv) 4
9. A triangle has at most $\qquad$ acute angles.
(i) 1
(ii) 2
(iii) 3
(iv) 4
10. A triangle has at least $\qquad$ acute angles.
(i) 1
(ii) 2
(iii) 3
(iv) 4

## Answer the following questions

11. Classify the triangle into acute triangle, obtuse triangle and right triangle with the following angles:
(i) $90^{\circ}, 45^{\circ}, 45^{\circ}$
(ii) $60^{\circ}, 60^{\circ}, 60^{\circ}$
12. Classify the triangle according to sides, that is, equilateral, isosceles and scalene triangles:
(i) $6 \mathrm{~cm}, 3 \mathrm{~cm}, 5 \mathrm{~cm}$.
(ii) $6 \mathrm{~cm}, 6 \mathrm{~cm}, 6 \mathrm{~cm}$.
13. Is it possible to draw a triangle by taking the measurements $5 \mathrm{~cm}, 7 \mathrm{~cm}, 13 \mathrm{~cm}$ as sides? Justify your answer.
14. One of the angles of a right-angled triangle is $47^{\circ}$, calculate the third angle.
15. The two angles of a triangle are $57^{\circ}$ and $68^{\circ}$, Find the third angle,
16. In $\triangle L M N$, find the opposite vertices of sides MN and LN .
17. The three sides of a triangle are $13 \mathrm{~cm}, 14 \mathrm{~cm}$ and 15 cm . calculate the perimeter of the triangle.
18. Define triangle.
19. Calculate the sum of two acute angles of a right-angled triangle.
20. Calculate the number of triangles in the given figure.

21. Calculate the number of triangles in the given figure.

22. In the figure Calculate x

23. In the figure Calculate x

24. In the given figure calculate x

25. Locate the points $\mathrm{P}, \mathrm{Q}, \mathrm{R}$ and S on a paper. Join them in pairs. Then answer the following questions.
(i) How many triangles formed?
(ii) How many triangles formed by taking P as common vertex?
26. By observing the figure answer the following questions.

(i) Exterior angle produced at C Is $\qquad$
(ii) Interior angles of $\triangle A B C$ are $\qquad$
(iii) Interior adjacent angle corresponding to $\angle A C X$ is $\qquad$
(iv) Interior opposite angle corresponding to $\angle A C X$ is $\qquad$
27. By observing the figure answer the following questions.

(i) The sides of $\triangle A O C$ are $\qquad$
(ii) The angles of $\triangle B O D$ are $\qquad$
(iii) The vertices of $\triangle A O C$ are $\qquad$
(iv) The edges of $\triangle A O C$ are $\qquad$
28. By observing the figure answer the following questions.

(i) The exterior points of $\triangle A B C$ are $\qquad$
(ii) The interior points of $\triangle A B C$ are $\qquad$
(iii) The points on the triangular region of $\triangle A B C$ are $\qquad$
29. In the given figure name the triangles which have

(i) A as one vertex
(ii) P in its exterior
(iii) Q in its exterior
(iv) O as one vertex
30. Draw any $\triangle A B C$ and mark the points
(i) $\mathrm{X}, \mathrm{Y}$ and Z in the interior of $\triangle A B C$
(ii) $\mathrm{P}, \mathrm{Q}, \mathrm{R}$ and T in the exterior of $\triangle A B C$
(iii) $\mathrm{L}, \mathrm{M}$, and N on the $\triangle A B C$
