# DAV PUBLIC SCHOOL UNIT-VIII, BHUBANESWAR <br> SUB-MATHEMATICS, CLASS-X <br> CHAPTER- (ARITHMETIC PROGRESSION) <br> WORSHEET (BASIC) 

Max. Marks: 20
Time : 45min.

## Choose the correct option

[ $2 \times 1=2$ ]

1. The common difference of the A.P $-2,-5,-8, \ldots$ is
(a) 3
(b) -3
(c) 7
(d) -7
2. The $15^{\text {th }}$ term of the AP $13,17,21,25, \ldots$ is
(a) 102
(b) 104
(c) 69
(d) 108

Fill in the blanks
[ $2 \times 1=2$ ]
3. The sum of first $16^{\text {th }}$ terms of the AP $10,6,2, \ldots$ is $\qquad$ .
4. In an AP if $d=-4, n=7, a_{n}=4$, then $a=$ $\qquad$ .

## Very short answer type questions

[ $2 \times 1=2$ ]
5. Write first four terms of an AP whose first term is -2 and common difference is -2 .
6. Write next two terms of the AP: $\sqrt{2}, \sqrt{8}, \sqrt{18}, \ldots$

## Short answer type question-I

$[2 \times 2=4]$
7. Which term of the AP: $3,8,13,18 \ldots$ is 78 ?
8. Find $31^{\text {st }}$ term of the AP whose $11^{\text {th }}$ term is 38 and $16^{\text {th }}$ term is 73 .

## Short answer type question-II

[ $2 \times 3=6$ ]
9. How many three digit numbers are there divisible by 7 ?
10.Find the sum of first 15 multiples of 8 .

Long answer type question
$[1 \times 4=4]$
11.A sum of Rs. 700 is to be used to give seven cash prizes to students of a school for their overall academic performance. If each prize is Rs. 20 less than its preceding prize, find the value of each of the prizes.

# DAV PUBLIC SCHOOL UNIT-VIII, BHUBANESWAR SUB-MATHEMATICS, CLASS-X CHAPTER- (ARITHMETIC PROGRESSION) WORSHEET (STANDARD) 

Max. Marks: 20
Time : 45min.
Choose the correct option
[ $2 \times 1=2$ ]

1. If the common difference of an AP is 5 , then $a_{18}-a_{13}$ is equal to
(a) 5
(b) 20
(c) 30
(d) 25
2. In an AP, if $a=-7.2, d=3.6, a_{n}=7.2$, then n is equal to
(a) 1
(b) 3
(c) 4
(d) 5

## Fill in the blanks

[ $2 \times 1=2$ ]
3. The $11^{\text {th }}$ term of an AP: $-5,-\frac{5}{2}, 0, \frac{5}{2}, \ldots$ is $\qquad$ .
4. If $\frac{6}{5}, a, 4$ are in AP, then the value of a is $\qquad$ .
Very short answer type questions
$[2 \times 1=2]$
5. If the $n^{\text {th }}$ term of an AP is $\frac{3+n}{4}$, then find its third term.
6. For what value of $\mathrm{k}, 2 k, k+10$ and $3 k+2$ are in AP?

## Short answer type question-I

$$
[2 \times 2=4]
$$

7. Find the $9^{\text {th }}$ term from the last term of the AP: $5,9,13, \ldots \ldots, 185$.
8. How many terms of the AP $18,16,14, \ldots$ be taken so that their sum is zero.

Short answer type question-II

$$
[2 \times 3=6]
$$

9. Find the value of the middle most term(s) of the AP $-11,-7,-3, \ldots .49$.
10.For what value of the n , the $n^{\text {th }}$ term of the following two Aps are same
(i) $1,7,13,19, \ldots$
(ii) $69,68,67, \ldots \ldots$

Long answer type question
11. A manufacturer of wire produced 1400 m wire in the $5^{\text {th }}$ year and 1600 m wire in $9^{\text {th }}$ year. Assuming the production increases uniformly by a fixed numer every year, find
(i) The production in the $12^{\text {th }}$ year.
(ii) The total production in 9 year.

# DAV PUBLIC SCHOOL UNIT-VIII, BHUBANESWAR SUB-MATHEMATICS, CLASS-X CHAPTER- (ARITHMETIC PROGRESSION) <br> WORSHEET (ADVANCED) 

Max. Marks: 20
Time : 45min.
Choose the correct option
[ $2 \times 1=2$ ]

1. The $p^{\text {th }}$ term of an AP is $q$ and $q^{t h}$ term of an AP is $p$. Its $r^{\text {th }}$ term is
(a) $p+q+r$
(b) $p-q-r$
(c) $p+q-r$
(d) $p-q+r$
2. If the first, second and last term of an AP are $a, b$ and $2 a$ respectively, its sum is
(a) $\frac{a b}{2(b-a)}$
(b) $\frac{a b}{b-a}$
(c) $\frac{3 a b}{2(b-a)}$
(d) none of these

Fill in the blanks
[ $2 \times 1=2$ ]
3. If the sum of $n$ terms of an AP is $S_{n}=3 n^{2}+5 n$, then the common difference of the AP is $\qquad$ .
4. If the sum of three consecutive terms of increasing AP is 51 and the product of first and third terms of the AP is 273 , then the third term is $\qquad$ .

## Very short answer type questions

[ $2 \times 1=2$ ]
5. Two Aps have same common difference. The first term of one of these is -1 and other is -8 . What is the difference between the $4^{\text {th }}$ term.
6. In an AP if $a=1, a_{n}=20$ and $S_{n}=399$, then find the value of $n$.

## Short answer type question-I

$[2 \times 2=4]$
7. Find the sum of all 11 terms of an AP whose middle most term is 30 .
8. If the ratio of sum of first $m$ and $n$ terms of an AP is $m^{2}: n^{2}$. Prove that ratio of its $m^{\text {th }} \& n^{\text {th }}$ terms is $(2 m-1):(2 n-1)$.

## Short answer type question-II

[ $2 \times 3=6$ ]
9. The sum of first three terms of an AP is 33 . If the product of first and third term exceeds the second term by 29 , find the AP
10.Solve the equation
$1+4+7+10+\cdots+x=287$
Long answer type question
$[1 \times 4=4]$
11.If $m^{\text {th }}$ term of an AP is $\frac{1}{n}$ and $n^{\text {th }}$ term is $\frac{1}{m}$, then prove that its $(m n)^{t h}$ term is 1 .

# DAV PUBLIC SCHOOL UNIT-VIII, BHUBANESWAR SUB-MATHEMATICS, CLASS-X CHAPTER- (ARITHMETIC PROGRESSION) WORSHEET (HOTS) 

1. If $a^{2}, b^{2}, c^{2}$ are in AP, then prove that $\frac{a}{b+c}, \frac{b}{c+a}, \frac{c}{a+b}$ are in AP.
2. Two cars start together in the same direction from the same place. First car goes with uniform speed of $10 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$. Second car goes at a speed of $8 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$ in the first hour and increases the speed by $1 / 2 \mathrm{~km}$ in each succeeding hours. After how many hours will the second car overtake the first, if both car go non-stop?
3. A man is employed to count Rs 10710 . He counts at the rate of Rs 180 per minute for half an hour. After this he count at the rate of Rs 3 less every minute than the preceding minute. Find the time taken by him to count the entire amount.
4. The houses of a row are numbered consecutively from 1 to 49 , so that there is a value of $x$ such that the sum of numbers of houses preceding the house number $x$ is equal to the sum of number of houses following it. Find the value of $x$.
5. The sum of four consecutive terms of an AP is 32 and the ratio of their product of first and last terms to the product of two middle terms is 7:15. Find the terms of the AP.
6. Find the sum of integers from 1 to 500 which are multiple of 2 or 5 .
7. If $S_{n}$ denotes the sum of first n terms of an AP, then prove that
$S_{12}=3\left(S_{8}-S_{4}\right)$
8. If there are $(2 n+1)$ terms in an AP, then prove that the ratio of the sum of odd terms and sum of even terms is $(n+1): n$
9. The sum of first $\mathrm{p}, \mathrm{q}, \mathrm{r}$ terms of an AP are $\mathrm{a}, \mathrm{b}, \mathrm{c}$ respectively. Prove that $\frac{a}{p}(q-r)+$ $\frac{b}{q}(r-p)+\frac{c}{r}(p-q)=0$.
10.If the sum of $m$ terms of an $A P$ is same as sum of its $n$ terms. Prove that the sum of its $(m+n)$ terms is 0 .
10. 150 workers were enaged to finish a piece of work in certain number of days. Four workers dropped the second day, four more workers dropped the third day and so on. It takes 8 more days to finish the work now. Find the number of days in which the work wascompleted.
11. How many terms of the AP $-15,-13,-11, \ldots$ are needed to make the sum -55 ? Explain the reason for double answer.
12. Show that the sum of an AP whose first term is $a$, the second term is $b$ and the last term is c , is equal to $\frac{(a+c)(b+c-2 a)}{2(b-a)}$
13. Solve the equation :

$$
(-4)+(-1)+2+\cdots+x=437
$$

15.Let $S_{n}$ denotes sum of n terms of an AP whose first term is a and common difference is d, such that $d=S_{n}-k S_{n-1}+S_{n-2}$. Find the value of k .

