$$
\text { DAY - } 3
$$

Worksheet-2 (contd.) STANDARD FORM OF A RATIONAL NUMBER Absolute value

## Worksbeet-2

## Q7. Express $(-64 / 256)$ as a rational number with denominator 8.

Sol. To get 8 in the denominator we must divide 256 by 32 .
$\frac{-64 \div 32}{256 \div 32}=\frac{-2}{8}$
Thus, $\frac{-64}{256}=\frac{-2}{8}$ is the required rational number.

## Q8.Find equivalent forms of the rational numbers having a

 common denominator.$$
\text { (ii) } \frac{1}{7}, \frac{2}{8}, \frac{3}{14} \text {. }
$$

Sol. LCM of $7,8,14$ is 56 .

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \frac{1}{7}=\frac{1 \times 8}{7 \times 8}=\frac{8}{56} \\
& \frac{2}{8}=\frac{2 \times 7}{8 \times 7}=\frac{14}{56} \\
& \frac{3}{14}=\frac{3 \times 4}{14 \times 4}=\frac{12}{56}
\end{aligned}
$$

Thus, $\frac{1}{7}=\frac{8}{56}, \frac{2}{8}=\frac{14}{56}$ and $\frac{3}{14}=\frac{12}{56}$.

## Now let us watch a video on standard form of a rational number.

It's URL is : https://voutu.be/nG-VdF XaLU
bochesorin
Standard form of rational number


7 and 9 have no common factor
Numerator and denominator are co-prime

## STANDARD FORM OF A RATIONAL NUMBER :-

A rational number $\mathrm{p} / \mathrm{q}$ is said to be in the standard form if q is positive and the integers ' p ' and ' q ' have their highest common factor as 1 .
e.g. rational number $-2 / 3$ is in the standard form as its denominator 3 is positive and numerator and denominator -2 and 3 have highest common factor as 1.

## STEPS FOR MAKING STANDARD FORM OF A RATIONAL NUMBER

Step 1. Make the denominator positive.
Step 2. Find the HCF $m$ of $p$ and $q$. If $m=1$, then $\frac{p}{q}$ is the required form.
Step 3. If $\mathrm{m} \neq 1$, then divide both the numerator and the denominator by m . The rational number $\frac{p \div m}{q \div m}$ so obtained is the required standard form.

## EXAMPLES

Example 7: Express $\frac{-22}{-55}$ in the standard form.
Solution: Step 1. $\frac{-22 \times(-1)}{-55 \times(-1)}=\frac{22}{55}$
Step 2. HCF of 22 and 55 is 11.

$$
\frac{22 \div 11}{55 \div 11}=\frac{2}{5} \text { which is the standard form. }
$$

$$
\text { Example :- Express } \frac{84}{-20} \text { in the standard form. }
$$

Solution:-
Step 1. $\frac{84 \times(-1)}{-20 \times(-1)}=\frac{-84}{20}$

Step 2. H.C.F. of 84 and 20 is 4
$\frac{-84 / 4}{20 / 4}=-\frac{21}{5}$ which is the standard form.

## DO THESE TWO EXAMPLES IN YOUR CLASSWORK

 NOTEBOOK.FIND x SUCH THAT THE RATIONAL NUMBERS IN EACH OF THE FOLLOWING PAIRS ARE EQUIVALENT
(i) $\frac{x}{12}, \frac{5}{6}$
(ii) $\frac{15}{x}, \frac{-3}{8}$

Solution:
(i) $\frac{x}{12}, \frac{5}{6}$ will be equivalent if

$$
6 \times x=5 \times 12
$$

$$
x=\frac{5 \times 12^{2}}{6}=5 \times 2=10
$$

Hence, $\quad x=10$.
(ii) $\frac{15}{x}, \frac{-3}{8}$ will be equivalent if $15 \times 8=(-3) \times x$ $x=\frac{15 \times 8}{-3}=-5 \times 8=-40$
Hence, $x=-40$.


Now let us watch a video on absolute value of a rational number.

It's URL is : https://youtu.be/MAIVNIwQyho

## Rational Number

## ABSOLUTE VALUE

Absolute value of every rational number other than zero is positive. The absolute value of zero is zero itself.
e.g. Absolute value of $\frac{3}{7}$ is $\left|\frac{3}{7}\right|=\left|\frac{3}{7}\right|$

Absolute value of $\frac{-4}{9} \quad\left|\frac{-4}{9}\right|=\left|\frac{4}{9}\right|$
Absolute value of $o$ is $|0|=0$
DO THESE THREE EXAMPLES IN YOUR CLASSWORK NOTEBOOK.

## HOMEWORK

WORKSHEET 2 Q-8 (i)-(iii)
WORKSHEET 3 Q-1,2,3 and 4 (ii)-(iii)
WORKSHEET 4 DO Q-1,3 IN BOOK

