SUBJECT- MATHEMATICS,CLASS-X CHAPTER-2(POLYNOMIAL) WORKSHEET (ADVANCE)

TIME-45 MINS

MAXIMUM MARKS-20

<u>Choose the correct option. (2X1=2)</u>

1-If one of the zeroes of a quadratic polynomial of the form $x^2 + ax + b$ is the negative of

the other, then which of the following is correct?

(a)Polynomial has linear factors

(b) Constant term of the polynomial is negative

(c)Both (a) and(b) are correct.

(d)Neither (a) and(b) are correct.

2-The zeroes of the quadratic polynomial $x^2 + kx + k$, $k \neq 0$

(a) can not be both positive (b) can not be both negative

(c) are always unequal (d) are always equal

Fill in the blanks: (2X1=2)

3: The zero of the zero polynomial is ------.

4: The degree of the zero polynomial is ------.

Answer the following: (2X1=2)

5: If on division of a polynomialp(x) by polynomial g(x), the quotient is zero, what is the relation between the degree of p(x) and g(x)?

6: If the parabola of a quadratic polynomial p(x) touches the x axis at exactly one point then what is the relation between the zeroes.?

Short Answer Type Questions-I: (2X2=4)

7:Can (x-1) be the remainder on division of a polynomial p(x) by (2x+3)? Justify your answer.

8:If the zeroes of the polynomial x^2 + bx-k, are equal in magnitude but opposite in sign, then find the zeroes.

Short Answer Type Questions-II: (2X3=6)

9: If the zeroes of the polynomial x^3-3x^2+x+1 are (a-b), 'a' and (a+b) then find a and b.

10:If two zeroes of the polynomial $2x^4-9x^3+5x^2+3x-1$ are $2+\sqrt{3}$, and $2-\sqrt{3}$, then find other zeroes.

Long Answer Type Question(1X4=4)

11: For what value of a and b are the zeroes of $q(x)=x^3+2x^2+a$ also the zeroes of the polynomial $p(x)=x^5-x^4-4x^3+3x^2+3x+b$? Which zeroes of p(x) are not the zeroes of q(x)?

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