**Chapter 13**

 **India’s Neighbours**

1. The student should talk to their parents and note down the native place of their grandparents and great grandparents. State whether the native place is in India or is the place found in the neighbour’s of India.
2. The student should make list of at least 4 of India’s neighbour and also write the language spoken there.
3. During the current pandemic one of the India’s neighbour is showing lot of aggression along the LAC. Name the neighbour and at least one region where it is doing so.
4. Fill in the blanks

 Help Box

 Hanfu, Bangladesh, tarkaari, Urdu, Devanagari,

 Pakistan, North, Country

1. India shares its boundary with China, Nepal and Bhutan in the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
2. History proves that India has never attacked any \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ for gaining territory.
3. Till 1947, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ was a part of India.
4. Hindi is written left to right in the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ script.
5. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ uses vocabulary from Persian and Arabic.
6. The traditional Nepali meal consists of daal, bhaat and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
7. Saree is also worn in \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and Sri Lanka.
8. The traditional dress worn in Ladakh and Bhutan is quite similar to the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in China.
9. Multiple choice questions
10. India has \_\_\_\_\_\_ immediate neighbour.
11. 3 b) 4 c) 7 d) 5
12. India has always followed the path of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
13. Peace b) aggression c) none of the above
14. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is written from left to right.
15. Urdu b) Hindi c) Persian
16. Hindi also uses words of which languages?
17. Persian b) Urdu c) Arabic d) all of the above
18. The influence of India is more on \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ part of Nepal.
19. North b) South-west c) North –west
20. Name the 7 immediate neighbours of India with whom India shares its boundary.
21. Name any close neighbours other than one that share India’s boundary.
22. How does India believe in solving its differences with neighbours?
23. What is SAARC?
24. What do we share with our neighbours?
25. Name India’s neighbour that came into existence in 1947.
26. What do we share with the neighbour that came into existence in 1947 and why?
27. Which languages are commonly spoken in both India and Pakistan?
28. What is the main difference between Hindi and Urdu?
29. What is common between a traditional Indian and Nepali meal?
30. Name the other cuisines that have influenced the food of Nepal.
31. What is common non-vegetarian cuisine of India, Pakistan and Bangladesh?
32. What does Bangladeshi man wear and what is it called?
33. Name all the countries that are member of SAARC.
34. Why do we say that modern man has removed all difference in dress?
35. How do similarities in the language, food and dress help us?
36. ‘There is great similarity in dresses of both men and women that are worn in India and its neighbours,’ explain with help of example
37. Match the following

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|  Column A |  Column B |
| India shares common history and culture | Highlights our cultural bond |
| Mother of all languages | Momos |
| Nepalese delicacy popular in India | Saree and Salwar Kameez |
| Traditional dress both in India and Pakistan | Sanskrit |
| Similarity in the language ,food and dress | Pakistan |

1. On the political map of India, locate the following
2. 3 countries that are immediate neighbours
3. An island, southern neighbour of India
4. Neighbour that come into existence in 1947.