**Chapter 13**

 **Delhi Sultanate**

1. Write a note about the only lady who rose to power in Delhi sultanate and proved to be a good ruler.
2. In the chronological order write the name of ruler who occupied Delhi Sultanate before Muhammad Tughlaq
3. Fill in the blanks
4. Both Qutubi Masjid and Qutub Minar were constructed by \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
5. Aibek defeated \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, the ruler of Ghazni and freed Punjab from him.
6. Iltutmish organised a group of 40 Turkish nobles known as \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
7. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ was a staunch Sunni Muslim and treated Shias and Hindus badly.
8. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ suppressed all opposition and created an atmosphere of obedience and patriotism towards the Sultanate.
9. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ fixed the maximum retail price of the goods of daily use.
10. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_ founded the Khalji dynasty.
11. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ became the Sultan after the death of his father Sikandar Lodhi.
12. Multiple choice questions
13. Who established the Slave Dynasty in Delhi Sultanate?
14. Muhammad Ghori b) Qutubuddin Aibek c) Aramshah d) IItutmish
15. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ extended the Quwwat –ul-Islam mosque and built Alai Darwaza near it.
16. Ala-ud-din Khalji b) Aibek c) IItutmish d) Ibrahim Lodi
17. The outstanding literary genius and poet of Delhi Sultanate was
18. Amir Khushro b) Ziauddin c) Feroz d) Sultan
19. The dominant religion during the time of Delhi Sultanate was
20. Islam b) Hinduism c) Buddhism d) Jainism
21. The battle of Panipat was between
22. Bahlol Lodi and Babar b) Sikandar Lodi and Babar c) Ibrahim Lodi and Babar d) none of the above
23. Match the following

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
|  Column A |  Column B |
| Cities founded by Tughlaq | Muhammad Tughlaq |
| Tarikh-i- ferozshahi | Two sects of Islam |
| Shia and Sunni | Babar defeated Ibrahim Lodi |
| Battle of Panipat | Ziauddin |
| Transferred capital from Delhi to Devgiri | Tughlaqabad |

1. Who established the Slave dynasty? Why was the dynasty known as slave dynasty?
2. Aibek was great patron of literature, art and architecture, justify.
3. How did IItutmush save himself from the wrath of Chenghis Khan?
4. State the different administrative reforms brought about IItutmish to strengthen his hold on Delhi sultanate.
5. Name the famous writer and literary person in court of IItutmush.
6. Name the only lady to be made the Sultan? And what kind of ruler she was?
7. When was Ghiyasuddin Tuglaq the ruler of Delhi sultanate?
8. When Juan Khan took the name of Muhammad –bin-Tuglaq?
9. What steps were taken by Tuglaq to consolidate the sultanate?
10. Why did farmers give up cultivation under Muhammad Tuglaq?
11. What caused heavy loss during the time of Muhammad Tuglaq?
12. What changes occurred when Feroz Tuglaq adopted the policy of appeasing the nobles and Ulemas?
13. List the various reforms carried by Feroz Tuglaq to redress the grievances people had against Muhammad Tuglaq?
14. Which Lodhi sultan was harsh to Hindus? Which city was founded and made capital by him?
15. Which Lodhi was defeated by Babar in Battle of Panipat and what does it signify?
16. What kind of governance was there during the Delhi sultanate period?
17. Name the 2 classes present in society during Delhi Sultanate. How were these two classes different from each other?
18. Name the main industries during Delhi sultanate period.
19. Which religion during the period of Delhi Sultanate?
20. The Delhi sultanate had developed Indo –Islamic architecture, explain with examples
21. Name the different new cities developed during Tughlaq
22. On outline map of India mark the following
23. Agra
24. Delhi
25. Place where Babar fought battle with Ibrahim Lodhi
26. 2 cities established by Tuglaq

 **Chapter 14**

 **Regional Powers**

1. Collect the picture of various temples, fort and other buildings constructed by the regional heads and make a collage.
2. Write a paragraph on the administration system of Vijay nagar.
3. Fill in the blanks
4. **The** weakening of the Delhi Sultanate had begun from the time of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
5. The rulers of Vijaynagar were mostly involved in battles with \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Kingdom.
6. The motto of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ kings was ’Protect the good and punish the wicked.’
7. Society was governed by the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ System.
8. Education was mainly imparted in \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
9. The \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ originally belonged to Mongolian tribes of Burma.
10. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ an island in the Woolar lake.
11. Many \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ rulers were wooed by the Mughals.
12. Multiple choice questions
13. The Vijay nagar Kingdom was founded by two sons of
14. Sangam b) Harihar c) Bukka d) none of the above
15. Krishnadevaraya was the last famous ruler of Vijaynagar belonged to
16. Bahamani dynasty b)Tulav dynasty c) Gupta dynasty d) none of the above
17. **\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_** inducted Hindus in his administration
18. Ahmad Shah b) Firoz Shah c) Mahmud Gawan d) none of the above
19. **\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_** got Mahabharata and Rajtarangini translated into Persian and Arabic.
20. Zainul Abidin b) Sikandar Shah c) Shah Mirza d) none of the
21. above
22. **\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_** was an important king of Marwar and founded the city of Jodhpur.
23. Rao Bika b) Rao Jodha c) Rana Sanga d) none of the above
24. State whether given statements are true/false
25. Zaina Lanka an island in the Woolar Lake is a fine specimen of engineering skill of the period.
26. Rana Sanga ,grandfather of Rana Kumbha ruled Mewar during fifteenth century.
27. The Ahoms originally belonged to Mongolian tribes of Burma.
28. The coins of that period indicate that the king followed Vaishanism.
29. The society was not governed by Varna System.
30. Name the different kingdoms that emerged in fifteenth century.
31. Who established the place which is known as Humpi?
32. Who was the last famous ruler of Vijaynagar empire? What he did during his reign?
33. Name the foreign visitors who wrote about Vijaynagar’s praise.
34. Who was the head of state? And what was his power?
35. What was motto of Vijay nagar Empire?
36. Name the three classes in which society was divided.
37. What was society governed by? List the main characteristics of the society.
38. What kind of education was present?
39. Vijay nagar had many beautiful palaces and temple, explain.
40. The Bahamani kingdom was cultural bridge between north and south India, explain.
41. Write a short note on Ahoms.
42. Name the various king of Mewar.
43. What were achievements of Rana Kumbha?
44. What kind of warfare was followed by Maharana Pratap to harass the Mughals and where?
45. Name the person who founded Jodhpur and one who founded Bikaner.
46. Why foreigners could not capture Kashmir?
47. Who ended the Hindu rule in Kashmir?
48. Zainul Abidin was liberal and far sighted ruler, justify.
49. On the outline map of India, mark the following
50. Mewar
51. Jodhpur
52. Bikaner
53. Kumbhalgarh fort