**Chapter 13**

**Closing Distances**

1. The student should carefully observe his surroundings and make a list of various ways by which he communicates.
2. The student should talk to his grandparents and ask them how they use to communicate message to far off places when they were young.
3. In tribal area when a person has to send message to someone he beats the drum, Suggest what is he trying to do by beating the drum.
4. Fill in the blanks

Help Box

MMS, mass , communicate, language, Two-way, non-verbal, writing, parcel

1. Man cannot live alone, so he needs to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ with others.
2. Man also started expressing his thoughts through \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
3. Body language, sign language, facial expression is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ communication.
4. The invention of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ provided human beings with new means of communication.
5. It is possible to send letters,\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and money orders through post-office.
6. Telephone is a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ communication.
7. Large number of people can be communicated at the same time through \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_communication.
8. Now -a- days images can be transferred through\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
9. Multiple choice questions
10. The early man communicated through
11. Beating the drum b) telephone c) post
12. Which of them is responsible for two way communication?
13. Telephone b) letter c) magazine
14. Speaking is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ form of communication.
15. Non-verbal b) Verbal c) mass
16. The full form of MMS is
17. Multi-purpose message b) Multi-media messaging service c) mass-media service
18. Which of them is not for mass communication?
19. Television b) Mobile c) newspaper
20. Match the following

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Column A | Column B |
| Singing | Invention of writing |
| MMS | Non-verbal communication |
| Body language | Verbal communication |
| New means of communication | Multi –media messaging service |
|  |  |

1. Why does man need to communicate?
2. What is communication?
3. How is verbal communication different from non-verbal communication?
4. How did invention of writing bring about change in communication?
5. Writing letter can be fun, explain.
6. How were the written messages sent in the beginning?
7. What are the different functions carried on by Indian Postal service?
8. Which service has largest number of post boxes?
9. Who discovered the phone?
10. What is the means of two-way communication?
11. How is something communicated to large number of people at the same time? Give 2 examples.
12. In recent times written communication has taken new forms, explain.
13. Which means of communication is used when you want to send long message and why?
14. What means are used by you to send written message immediately?
15. What is an email?
16. How is mobile different from telephone?
17. On a political map of India, find out and locate
18. State where the newspaper THE HINDU is published
19. State having caves with paintings made on wall by early man.
20. State where first post office was established

**Chapter 14**

**I am Proud to Be an Indian**

1. Write the name of the town /city / village you stay in. State the name of the state and its capital also.
2. Name the following
3. Capital of India
4. National animal
5. National bird
6. National flower
7. Draw the national flag and state what the colours Saffron, White, Green stand for.
8. Fill in the blanks

Help Box

Monsoon, Seventh, twenty nine, Himalayas, Bay of Bengal,

Diversity, Ocean, Plateau

Diversity, Ocean, Plateau

1. India is the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ largest country in the world in terms of land.
2. There are \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ states in India.
3. The plains in south of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ are good for growing crops.
4. The central part of India is a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
5. The Andaman and Nicobar Islands are in the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
6. India is only country to have a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ named after it.
7. The \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ make Indian culture rich and unique.
8. The three main seasons are winter, summer and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
9. Multiple choice question
10. Which of this river does not flow through northern India?
11. Ganges b) Krishna c) Yamuna
12. Lakshdeep islands are present in
13. Arabian Sea b) Bay of Bengal c) Indian Ocean.
14. The Thar desert is in the
15. Centre b) West c) East
16. The central part of India is
17. Plains b) desert c) Plateau
18. Match the following

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Column 1 | Column 2 |
| Andaman& Nicobar Island | Language |
| Monsoon | Thar desert |
| West India | Season |
| Hindi | Bay of Bengal |
|  | |

1. What is the extent of the Indian mainland?
2. How many states and union territories are there in India?
3. Name 4 rivers of India.
4. Why do we say Indian culture is rich and unique?
5. What are the main seasons of India?
6. What is the size of India?
7. India has different types of landforms, explain.
8. Which are the two groups of island that form a part of India?
9. Which ocean has been named after India?
10. What are the following?
11. Island
12. Mountain
13. Plain
14. Plateau
15. Name the different religions followed by people of India.
16. State 2 languages spoken in northern India.
17. How can India be called land of diversity?
18. Do we have same dance forms and dress in whole of India? Justify your answer with example.
19. Mention your mother tongue and state whether it is same as the language spoken in the area you stay.
20. On the political map of India, locate and mark
21. State where Thar desert is
22. State present south of Himalayas
23. Arabian sea
24. Western ghats
25. State where tamil language is spoken
26. State in central India