

	Sample Paper – 2026-27 Accountancy Class – XI Solution & Marking Scheme	Value points	Marks												
Q.No.	PART – A														
1	(b) Convention of Full Disclosure	1	1												
2	(d) Credited, Liability	1	1												
3	(d) Records transactions in money terms	1	1												
4 A	(a) Comparability	1	1												
	Or														
4 B	(b) Reliability and comparability	1	1												
5 A	(a) ₹ 11,25,000	1	1												
	Or														
5 B	(b) ₹ 12,50,000	1	1												
6	(d) To ascertain the arithmetic accuracy of the accounts	1	1												
7	(b) ₹70,560	1	1												
8	(d) Cost of goods purchased.	1	1												
9	(d) Credit the increase in capital	1	1												
10	(a) A customer's account in the bank's books	1	1												
11	(a) Cash Book	1	1												
12 A	(a) 1Z, 2W, 3X, 4Y	1	1												
	Or														
12 B	(c) Credit note	1	1												
13 A	(a) Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is the correct explanation of (A)	1	1												
	Or														
13 B	(c) (A) is true, but (R) is false.	1	1												
14 A	(a) <table border="1"> <tr> <td>Cash A/c</td><td>...Dr.</td><td>xxxx</td><td></td></tr> <tr> <td>Accrued interest A/c</td><td>...Dr.</td><td>xxxx</td><td></td></tr> <tr> <td>To Interest on investment A/c</td><td></td><td></td><td>xxxx</td></tr> </table>	Cash A/c	...Dr.	xxxx		Accrued interest A/c	...Dr.	xxxx		To Interest on investment A/c			xxxx	1	1
Cash A/c	...Dr.	xxxx													
Accrued interest A/c	...Dr.	xxxx													
To Interest on investment A/c			xxxx												
	Or														
14 B	(a) Cash Memo → Cash Book → Ledger → Trial Balance	1	1												
15 A	(c) 3 and 4	1	1												
	OR														
15 B	(b) 3 and 4	1	1												

16 A	1. Fixed assets = ₹ 1,00,000 (Furniture) 2. Purchases = ₹ 2,00,000 + ₹ 1,50,000 = ₹ 3,50,000 3. Raunav is the creditor and the amount payable is ₹ 1,50,000 ($\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} = 1$)	1 1 1	3																																																																																	
	Or																																																																																			
16 B	1. Gain = ₹ 45,000 – ₹ 40,000 = ₹ 5,000 2. Rahul is the debtor and the amount receivable is ₹ 1,00,000 ($\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} = 1$) 3. Expenses and Losses = ₹ 5,000 + ₹ 30,000 = ₹ 35,000 ($\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} = 1$)	1 1 1	3																																																																																	
17 A	Books of Sh. Mahavir Prasad Bank Reconciliation Statement as on June 30, 2026 <table><tr><th>Particulars</th><th>Plus items (₹)</th><th>Minus items (₹)</th><th>Marks</th></tr><tr><td>Balance as per Cash book (Credit)</td><td></td><td>10,000</td><td>$\frac{1}{2}$</td></tr><tr><td>Cheques deposited in bank but not yet cleared</td><td></td><td>3,200</td><td>1</td></tr><tr><td>Bank charges charged by bank</td><td></td><td>100</td><td>$\frac{1}{2}$</td></tr><tr><td>Interest credited by bank</td><td>460</td><td></td><td>$\frac{1}{2}$</td></tr><tr><td>Debit balance as per Pass Book</td><td>12,840</td><td></td><td>$\frac{1}{2}$</td></tr><tr><td></td><td><u>13,300</u></td><td><u>13,300</u></td><td></td></tr></table>	Particulars	Plus items (₹)	Minus items (₹)	Marks	Balance as per Cash book (Credit)		10,000	$\frac{1}{2}$	Cheques deposited in bank but not yet cleared		3,200	1	Bank charges charged by bank		100	$\frac{1}{2}$	Interest credited by bank	460		$\frac{1}{2}$	Debit balance as per Pass Book	12,840		$\frac{1}{2}$		<u>13,300</u>	<u>13,300</u>			3																																																					
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17 B	Books of Raghav Bank Reconciliation Statement as on March. 31, 2026 <table><tr><th>Particulars</th><th>Plus items (₹)</th><th>Minus items (₹)</th><th>Marks</th></tr><tr><td>Credit balance as per Bank statement</td><td>25,000</td><td></td><td>$\frac{1}{2}$</td></tr><tr><td>Cheques deposited but not yet cleared</td><td>7,000</td><td></td><td>1</td></tr><tr><td>Wrong credit by bank</td><td></td><td>1,000</td><td>1</td></tr><tr><td>Debit balance as per Cash Book</td><td></td><td>31,000</td><td>$\frac{1}{2}$</td></tr><tr><td></td><td><u>32,000</u></td><td><u>32,000</u></td><td></td></tr></table>	Particulars	Plus items (₹)	Minus items (₹)	Marks	Credit balance as per Bank statement	25,000		$\frac{1}{2}$	Cheques deposited but not yet cleared	7,000		1	Wrong credit by bank		1,000	1	Debit balance as per Cash Book		31,000	$\frac{1}{2}$		<u>32,000</u>	<u>32,000</u>			3																																																									
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18	Accounting equation Books of Riya <table><tr><th>S.No</th><th>Transactions</th><th colspan="4">Assets</th><th>=</th><th colspan="2">Liabilities + Capital</th></tr><tr><th></th><th></th><th colspan="4">₹</th><th></th><th colspan="2">₹</th></tr><tr><th></th><th></th><th>Cash</th><th>Stock</th><th>Machine</th><th>Debtor</th><th>=</th><th>Loan (SBI)</th><th>Capital</th></tr><tr><td>1.</td><td>Balances brought forward</td><td>1,00,000</td><td>5,00,000</td><td>2,00,000</td><td></td><td></td><td>3,00,000</td><td>5,00,000</td></tr><tr><td>2.</td><td>Sold goods to Hiten costing ₹ 80,000 at profit of 20% on selling price</td><td></td><td>(80,000)</td><td></td><td>1,00,000</td><td></td><td></td><td>20,000</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>New Equation</td><td>1,00,000</td><td>4,20,000</td><td>2,00,000</td><td>1,00,000</td><td>=</td><td>3,00,000</td><td>5,20,000</td></tr><tr><td>3.</td><td>Paid instalment of Loan ₹ 50,000 and Interest on loan ₹10,000</td><td>(60,000)</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>(50,000)</td><td>(10,000)</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>New Equation</td><td>40,000</td><td>4,20,000</td><td>2,00,000</td><td>1,00,000</td><td>=</td><td>2,50,000</td><td>5,10,000</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>Total</td><td></td><td>7,60,000</td><td></td><td></td><td>=</td><td>7,60,000</td><td></td></tr></table> Working Note: Profit = $\frac{20}{80} \times \text{Cost} = \frac{20}{80} \times 80,000 = 20,000$ Sales = Cost + Profit = 80,000 + 20,000 = 1,00,000	S.No	Transactions	Assets				=	Liabilities + Capital				₹					₹				Cash	Stock	Machine	Debtor	=	Loan (SBI)	Capital	1.	Balances brought forward	1,00,000	5,00,000	2,00,000			3,00,000	5,00,000	2.	Sold goods to Hiten costing ₹ 80,000 at profit of 20% on selling price		(80,000)		1,00,000			20,000		New Equation	1,00,000	4,20,000	2,00,000	1,00,000	=	3,00,000	5,20,000	3.	Paid instalment of Loan ₹ 50,000 and Interest on loan ₹10,000	(60,000)					(50,000)	(10,000)		New Equation	40,000	4,20,000	2,00,000	1,00,000	=	2,50,000	5,10,000		Total		7,60,000			=	7,60,000		$\frac{1}{2}$ 1 1 $\frac{1}{2}$	3
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19	Books of Anirudh Trial Balance <table><thead><tr><th>Account Head</th><th>Debit Balance ₹</th><th>Credit Balance ₹</th></tr></thead><tbody><tr><td>Capital</td><td></td><td>5,00,000</td></tr><tr><td>Plant and machinery</td><td>6,50,000</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Furniture</td><td>1,40,000</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Cash in hand</td><td>50,000</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Purchases</td><td>11,15,000</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Discount allowed</td><td>2,000</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Bank overdraft</td><td></td><td>39,000</td></tr><tr><td>Sales</td><td></td><td>17,41,000</td></tr><tr><td>Customers</td><td>4,82,000</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Suppliers</td><td></td><td>2,65,000</td></tr><tr><td>Return inwards</td><td>3,000</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Rent</td><td>1,03,000</td><td></td></tr><tr><td></td><td><u>25,45,000</u></td><td><u>25,45,000</u></td></tr></tbody></table>	Account Head	Debit Balance ₹	Credit Balance ₹	Capital		5,00,000	Plant and machinery	6,50,000		Furniture	1,40,000		Cash in hand	50,000		Purchases	11,15,000		Discount allowed	2,000		Bank overdraft		39,000	Sales		17,41,000	Customers	4,82,000		Suppliers		2,65,000	Return inwards	3,000		Rent	1,03,000			<u>25,45,000</u>	<u>25,45,000</u>	1 mark for every 4 correct items	3
Account Head	Debit Balance ₹	Credit Balance ₹																																											
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20	Books of Sanraj Sons Journal <table><thead><tr><th>2026</th><th>Particulars</th><th>L.F.</th><th>Debit ₹</th><th>Credit ₹</th></tr></thead><tbody><tr><td>July 1</td><td>Depreciation a/c Dr To Provision for Depreciation A/c</td><td></td><td>12,500</td><td>12,500</td></tr><tr><td>July 1</td><td>Provision for Depreciation A/c Dr To Machinery A/c</td><td></td><td>2,37,500</td><td>2,37,500</td></tr><tr><td>July 1</td><td>Bank a/c Dr To Machinery A/c</td><td></td><td>2,42,500</td><td>2,42,500</td></tr><tr><td>July 1</td><td>Loss on sale of Machinery A/c Dr To Machinery A/c</td><td></td><td>20,000</td><td>20,00</td></tr><tr><td colspan="5">Or (Alternate answer)</td></tr><tr><td>July 1</td><td>Depreciation A/c Dr To Provision for Depreciation A/c</td><td></td><td>12,500</td><td>12,500</td></tr><tr><td>July 1</td><td>Bank A/c Dr Provision for Depreciation A/c Dr Loss on sale of Machinery A/c Dr To Machinery A/c</td><td></td><td>2,42,500 2,37,500 20,000</td><td>5,00,000</td></tr></tbody></table>	2026	Particulars	L.F.	Debit ₹	Credit ₹	July 1	Depreciation a/c Dr To Provision for Depreciation A/c		12,500	12,500	July 1	Provision for Depreciation A/c Dr To Machinery A/c		2,37,500	2,37,500	July 1	Bank a/c Dr To Machinery A/c		2,42,500	2,42,500	July 1	Loss on sale of Machinery A/c Dr To Machinery A/c		20,000	20,00	Or (Alternate answer)					July 1	Depreciation A/c Dr To Provision for Depreciation A/c		12,500	12,500	July 1	Bank A/c Dr Provision for Depreciation A/c Dr Loss on sale of Machinery A/c Dr To Machinery A/c		2,42,500 2,37,500 20,000	5,00,000	1 ½ 1 ½	3		
2026	Particulars	L.F.	Debit ₹	Credit ₹																																									
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21	1. Verifiability: Rent receipt given by the landlord 2. Business entity: Part of rent paid will be treated as business expense and part will be treated as drawings 1 mark for identification and 1 mark for explanation each part	2 2	4																																										
22 A	Books of Sahil Rectifying Journal <table><thead><tr><th>Date</th><th>Particulars</th><th>LF</th><th>Debit amount ₹</th><th>Credit amount ₹</th></tr></thead><tbody><tr><td>1</td><td>Rajesh Dr To Purchases a/c To Sales a/c (Credit sale of goods to Rajesh wrongly passed through Purchases book)</td><td></td><td>7,200</td><td>3,600 3,600</td></tr><tr><td>2</td><td>Parul Dr Suspense a/c Dr</td><td></td><td>2,800 1,000</td><td></td></tr></tbody></table>	Date	Particulars	LF	Debit amount ₹	Credit amount ₹	1	Rajesh Dr To Purchases a/c To Sales a/c (Credit sale of goods to Rajesh wrongly passed through Purchases book)		7,200	3,600 3,600	2	Parul Dr Suspense a/c Dr		2,800 1,000		1 1	4																											
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2	Parul Dr Suspense a/c Dr		2,800 1,000																																										

		To Paras (Cash paid to Parul but Paras was debited with wrong amount)			3,800		
	3	Reena Dr To Suspense a/c (Purchase return to Reena was not posted to her a/c)		10,000	10,000	1	
	Suspense A/c						
		Particulars	Amount ₹	Particulars	Amount ₹	1	
		Difference in Trial Balance	9,000	Reena	10,000		
		Paras	1,000				
			10,000		10,000		
	Or						
22 B	Books of Tushar Rectifying Journal						
	Date	Particulars	LF	Debit amount ₹	Credit amount ₹		
	1	Hari Dr To Purchase return a/c To Sales return a/c (Goods returned by Hari was passed through return outward book)		1,200	600 600	1	
	2	Sales a/c Dr To Suspense a/c (Posting of excess amount in Sales a/c)		10,000	10,000	1	4
	3	Sohit Dr Suspense a/c Dr To Mohit (Amount received from Mohit was credited to Sohiti by wrong amount)		300 2,700	3,000	1	
	Suspense A/c						
		Particulars	Amount ₹	Particulars	Amount ₹	1	
		Difference in Trial Balance	7,300	Sales a/c	10,000		
		Mohit	2,700				
			10,000		10,000		
23	Books of Mohan (Jaipur) Journal						
	Date	Particulars	LF	Debit amount ₹	Credit amount ₹		
	1	Ravi Dr To Sales a/c To Output CGST a/c To Output SGST a/c		70,800	60,000 5,400 5,400	1	
	2	Purchase a/c Dr Input IGST a/c Dr To Anil		48,000 8,640	56,640	1	
	3	No Entry				1	
	4	Bank a/c Dr To Dividend received a/c		8,000	8,000	1	
	5	Telephone expenses a/c Dr		7,000*			

	Sales Book										
	Date	Particulars	Invoice	LF	Details ₹	Amount ₹	1				
	6/4/26	Sunil & Sons			3,200	3,200					
	30/4/26	Sales a/c Cr				3,200					
	Sales A/c						1				
	Date	Particulars	Amount ₹	Date	Particulars	Amount ₹					
	30/4/26	To Balance c/d	43,200	2/4/26	By Cash a/c	40,000					
				30/4/26	By Sundries as per Sales Book	3,200					
			43,200			43,200					
	Sunil and Sons' A/c						1				
	Date	Particulars	Amount ₹	Date	Particulars	Amount ₹					
	6/4/26	To Sales a/c	3,200	9/4/26	By Cash a/c	3,100					
					By Discount allowed a/c	100					
			3,200			3,200					
	Or										
25 B	Books of Imperial Enterprises										
	Cash Book										
	Date	Particulars	LF	Cash ₹	Bank ₹	Date	Particulars	LF	Cash ₹	Bank ₹	3
	1/4/26	To Balance b/d		30,000		1/4/26	By Balance b/d			12,000	
	10/4/26	To Cash a/c	C		2,820	6/4/26	By Purchases a/c		10,000		
	30/4/26	To Balance c/d			9,180	9/4/26	By Shalini		15,680		
						10/4/26	By Bank	C	2,820		
						30/4/26	By Balance c/d		1,500		
				30,000	12,000				30,000	12,000	
	Purchase Book										
	Date	Particulars	Invoice	LF	Details ₹	Amount ₹	1				
	2/4/26	Shalini Enterprises			16,000	16,000					
	30/4/26	Purchase a/c Dr				16,000					

	Purchases A/c						1	6	
	Date	Particulars	Amount ₹	Date	Particulars	Amount ₹			
	6/4/26	To Cash a/c	10,000	30/4/26	By Balance c/d	26,000			
	30/4/26	To Sundries as per Purchase Book	16,000						
			<u>26,000</u>			<u>26,000</u>			
	Shalini Enterprises A/c						1		
	Date	Particulars	Amount ₹	Date	Particulars	Amount ₹			
	10/4/26	To Cash a/c	15,680	2/4/26	By Purchases a/c	16,000			
	10/4/26	To Discount received a/c	320						
			<u>16,000</u>			<u>16,000</u>			
	PART – B								
26	(c) Amount received by the way of Loan						1	1	
27	(c) Assertion (A) is True but Reason (R) is False						1	1	
28	(a) Both the Statements are true.						1	1	
29	Difference between Double Entry System and Single Entry System						1	1	
	Basis	Double Entry System		Single Entry System					
	Reliability	This system is more reliable as books are maintained on the basis of scientific principles.		This system is less reliable as there are no fixed set of principles for maintaining the books of accounts.					
30 A	(b) Suitable for large business enterprises						1	1	
	Or								
30 B	(a) Both Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are True and Reason (R) is the correct explanation of Assertion (A).						1	1	
31	In the given case, total interest due on 10% Fixed Deposits for 3 months only (Jan, Feb and March 2026) Interest due = ₹ 20,000 x 3/12 x 10/100 = ₹ 500. However, only ₹ 300 has been received during the year. Its means, interest of ₹ 200 (= ₹ 500 - ₹ 300) is accrued. Adjustment entry						1	3	
	Particulars		L F	Debit ₹	Credit ₹				
	Accrued interest a/c Dr To Interest on investment a/c (Interest accrued on investment)			200	200				
	Dr. PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT Cr.								
	Particulars		(₹)	Particulars		(₹)			
				By Interest		300			
				Add: Accrued Interest		200			
						500			
	BALANCE SHEET								
	Liabilities		(₹)	Assets		(₹)			
				10% Fixed Deposits		20,000			
				Accrued Interest		200			

32

Total Sales = Cash Sales + Credit Sales
 = ₹ 60,000 + ₹ 40,000 = ₹ 1,00,000 (½)
 Let Cost of Goods Sold = x
 It means. Gross Profit = $33\frac{1}{3}\%$ of x or $\frac{1}{3}x$
 We know:
 Cost of Goods Sold = Total Sales - Gross Profit (½)
 i.e. $x = ₹ 1,00,000 - \frac{1}{3}x$
 $\frac{4}{3}x = 1,00,000$
 x or Cost of Goods Sold = ₹ 75,000 (½)
 Gross Profit = Total Sales - Cost of Goods Sold (½)
 = ₹ 1,00,000 - ₹ 75,000 = ₹ 25,000 (½)
 Cost of Goods Sold = Opening Stock + Purchases + Wages + Carriage In. - Closing Stock (½)
 ₹ 75,000 = ₹ 20,000 + ₹ 60,000 + ₹ 5,000 + ₹ 5,000 - Closing Stock
 Closing Stock = ₹ 20,000 + ₹ 60,000 + ₹ 5,000 + ₹ 5,000 - ₹ 75,000 = ₹ 15,000. (1)

4

33

STATEMENT OF AFFAIRS (Before Adjustments)

as at 31st March, 2026

Liabilities	Amt. (₹)	Assets	Amt. (₹)
Creditors	30,000	Bank	10,000
Bills Payable	10,000	Debtors	50,000
Vidit's Capital {Balancing Figure}	1,40,000	Stock	40,000
		Plant	68,000
		Furniture	12,000
	<u>1,80,000</u>		<u>1,80,000</u>

STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS

for the year ended 31st March, 2026

Particulars	Amt. (₹)
Capital as on 31 st March, 2026 {i.e. Closing Capital}	1,40,000
Less: Capital introduced during the year (i.e. Additional Capital)	30,000
	1,10,000
Add: Drawings during the year	24,000
Adjusted Capital at the end	1,34,000
Less: Capital as on 1 st April, 2025 {i.e. Opening Capital}	40,000
Profit before Adjustment	94,000
Less: Provision for Doubtful Debts	2,500
Less: Depreciation	6,800
Net Profit	<u>84,700</u>

STATEMENT OF AFFAIRS (Adjusted)

as at 31st March, 2026

Liabilities		Amt. (₹)	Assets		Amt. (₹)
Creditors		30,000	Bank		10,000
Bills Payable		10,000	Debtors	50,000	
Vidit's Capital {Opening}	40,000		Less: Prov. for Doubtful Debts	2,500	47,500
Add: Additional Capital	30,000		Stock		40,000
Add: Net Profit	84,700		Plant	68,000	
	1,54,700		Less: Depreciation	6,800	61,200
Less: Drawings	24,000	1,30,700	Furniture		12,000
		<u>1,70,700</u>			<u>1,70,700</u>

Alternate solutions are also deemed to be correct and should be marked accordingly

2½

3½

6

34 A	Books of Vrishti						
	TRADING AND PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT						
Dr.		for the year ended 31 st March, 2026		Cr.			
Particulars		Amt. (₹)	Particulars	Amt. (₹)			
To Opening Stock		24,000	By Sales	96,000			
To Purchases		55,000	By Closing Stock	27,500			
To Wages 6,500		4,500	By Gross Profit transferred from Trading A/c	(2½)			
Less: Installation of Machinery 2,000							
To Gross Profit transferred to Profit and Loss A/c							
		40,000					
		1,23,500					
To Printing Charges		1,000				40,000	
To Salaries 9,300		10,800				(3½)	
Add: Outstanding Salaries 1,500							
To Advertising		2,500					
To Rent		3,000					
To Insurance Premium 1,400		1,100					
Less: Prepaid Insurance 300							
To Depreciation: Machinery 2,200		2,700					
Building 500							
To Bad Debts		1,500					
To Net Profit Transferred to Capital A/c		17,400					
		40,000	40,000				

Or						
34 B	Books of Anshuman					
PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT						
Dr.		for the year ended 31st March, 2026		Cr.		
Particulars		Amt. (₹)	Particulars	Amt. (₹)		
To Repairs		1,500	By Gross Profit transferred from Trading A/c	18,200		
To Interest on Bank Loan 300		600	By Commission 2,300	2,100		
Add: Outstanding Interest 300						
To Insurance and Taxes		2,400	Less: Advance Comm. 200			
To Computer Expenses		2,600				
To Salaries 6,600		7,200		(3½)		
Add: Outstanding Salaries 600						
To Depreciation on: Furniture 250		650				
Computer 400						
To Bad Debts 400		1,200				
Add: Further Bad Debts 200						
Add: Prov. for Doubtful Debts 600						
To Net Profit Transferred to Capital A/c		4,150				
		20,300	20,300			

BALANCE SHEET							
as at 31 st March, 2026							
Liabilities		Amt. (₹)	Assets		Amt. (₹)	(2½)	6
Capital	40,000	44,150	Building		30,000		
Add: Net Profit	4,150		Furniture	5,000			
Bank Loan	6,000	6,300	Less: Depreciation	250	4,750		
Add: Outstanding Interest	300		Computer	4,000			
Creditors		14,500	Less: Depreciation	400	3,600		
Outstanding Salaries		600	Debtors	12,200			
Advance Commission		200	Less: Further Bad Debts	200			
				12,000			
			Less: Prov. for Doubtful	600	11,400		
			Debts				
			Closing Stock		14,200		
			Cash in Hand		1,800		
		65,750			65,750		
=====							